

Adair County News

VOLUME XXI

COLUMBIA, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1918.

NUMBER 51

No. 51

ADAIR COUNTY SHORT Quota of \$153,00 Must be Raised.

About \$83,000 of the county's quota of \$153,00 of the Fourth Liberty Loan has been subscribed. To this about 400 subscribers have contributed. There are 1200 people in the county who are able and possible subscribers. This is an estimate of only 12% per cent of the total ability of the county. Have we 800 slackers in the county? This is the serious question and one that patriots must know about, and for the honor of Adair county, by patriots, must be answered, that her honor may be vindicated before Kentucky and the world.

Strenuous work must and will be done this week. A more thorough and systematic campaign will be made of the county than has ever been made before. Investigations will also be made, and reasons valid, and honorable, must be shown. The state chairman of the Council of National Defense will be in the county, this week and it is presumed that there will be made for the county an efficient and those working organization.

National Defense in the county this should have been done long ago.

It is pointed out by those in charge of patriotic activities in the county: "The time is past for palaver," and the men of Adair county who are able and refuse to do their patriotic duty, must give very good reasons for their delinquency and shame, while the sons of Adair are "going down" and answer individually before the bar of public sentiment. The county organization is working hard. They have laid aside their business duties and calls. They are seriously determined that the quota be raised which is not excessive by comparison with other counties which have already gone over the top. Every patriot will do his duty. "The slacker will be known among men, and he will know himself."

HON. JAMES B. McCREARY PASSES.

The subject of this notice, one of the most prominent men in Kentucky, died in his apartments at Richmond, early Tuesday morning, October 8. He was twice Governor of the State, a Congressman for several terms and a United States Senator. Besides, he filled other appointments made by the President.

He served as a Colonel in the Confederate army, and was with Gen. Morgan at the fight at Green River bridge. He was 80 years old last July. An honorable career throughout his entire life. During his last days as Governor of Kentucky he filled the Confederate Pension bill.

Frightful Accident.

(Deferred from Last Week.)

Last Friday, about the noon hour, Mr. R. W. Shirley and Mr. Thad Spinnell, his visitor and who is a lawyer of Louisville, were entering Columbia, in a buggy, the mare they were driving became frightened, near the Presbyterian church, at an automobile, shied and upset the vehicle, throwing the occupants violently to the ground. At first it was thought that Mr. Spinnell was seriously hurt, but he escaped with only a few bruises. Mr. Shirley was also slightly hurt. The buggy was not damaged.

Must Report by Nov. 1st.

Tax Commissioner L. H. Jones reports 1,800 dogs already listed in the county for taxation. Property assessments show a big increase over last year, and the listing of dogs is marvelous, compared with former years. The tax commissioner's office in the Court House will close on Nov. 1st. All property owners and tax payers are urged to complete their lists before, or by that time.

Notice of Stock Election.

This day came P. K. Jones and 19 other legal voters and residents in Roley voting precinct, No. 12, in Adair County, Ky., and petitioned the Adair County Court to cause to be open a poll at the next regular November Election, 1918, the question as to whether or not stock of any kind should be permitted to run at large in said Precinct.

48-4t

Warrants of arrest were issued by County Judge Sinclair, last Friday, for Robert Moore and a son of Hedger Garnett, both colored, charged with stealing wheat from Mr. Robert Conner's bin. The boys sold the wheat to different parties.

48-4t

Germany Surrenders to Wilson's Terms.

"I'll Take One Thousand Dollars."

Germany in a note picked up by wireless accepts all of President Wilson's terms, agrees to evacuate all occupied territory and declares that the reply to the President's questions is the statement of the majority of the Reichstag. There was no disposition to doubt the authenticity of the note, but as the President was in New York no comment was made. The chief question at the capital was what is the German Government and does the Reichstag really represent the people? It is conceded that the next step to be taken will be for the President to confer with allied leaders. President Wilson at a New York theater was handed the text of the German reply and he and Col. House and Secretary Tumulty read it with apparent interest, but no comment was made by any members of the official family.

Luther Antle Not Dead.

Miss Stella Antle, writing to The News, from Pekin, Illinois, corrects the report that her brother, Luther, was dead. She says:

"I am glad to inform you and the good people of Adair county that the statement that Luther Antle is dead is false. He is well and happy, on the battle front in France, as a letter from him, written the 5th day of September says. He has been wounded, but not seriously. He was in the hospital one month. He received his wound the 19th day of July. He wrote us before we received the telegram from Washington, D. C. This telegram came the 29th of September. True Akers was seen by Luther on the 5th day of September. He was on his way back to his company. He was all O. K."

Three Deaths at Sano.

Wednesday of last week, Laura, 24 years old; Ivy Lee, 21 and Basil, 16, daughter and sons of Ed Gentry, who lives at Sano, fourteen miles from Columbia, died within a few hours of each other, and were buried the following day in one grave. They were victims of the Flu. This was a sore trial on the parents and universal sympathy is being expressed for them.

Notice.

We are now ready to supply you with Dog Tags for the year 1919. Remember the Law. Anyone who keeps or permits any dog to remain upon his premises must pay a tax of \$1.00 on the first male dog and \$2.00 on the second male dog, and \$2.00 on a female dog and they must be licensed by January 1st 1919.

S. C. Neat clerk,
Adair County Court.

Chairman Coming.

Chairman E. W. Hines of the State Council of National Defense will be in Columbia next Thursday. Workers in war activities will anticipate with interest and pleasure the visit of the State chairman.

Died at Milltown.

Mr. George Blankenship an old citizen of the Milltown section, died last Tuesday with infirmities of old age, being about seventy-five. His funeral was preached by Eld. F. J. Barger, of this place.

Mr. Ores Barger, the grocer, who had the misfortune to get a nail stuck in his right foot, a few days ago, is detained from his business. The nail went almost through the ball of his foot. He is on crutches, but his friends hope that it will not be many more days until he will be able to discard them.

The "Man Without a Country" and Thursday's show were knocked out last week, by order of the State Board of Health. The show will open as soon as the flu epidemic is checked. It is now reported to be better at Camp Taylor and other points. There are but few cases among civilians.

The Adair circuit court will commence the first Wednesday in next month, the day after the election. Sheriff Sanders and his deputies are now summoning the juries and witnesses and by the time court convenes everything will be in readiness.

For the last ten days corn has matured very rapidly.

Bountiful Birthday Dinner.

Mr. Calvin Coomer, who lives in the west end of the county, is a purchaser of a one thousand dollar fourth Liberty Bond. Mr. G. R. Reed and John Lee Walker were in that part of the county, soliciting subscriptions, and while presenting the matter to some gentlemen, a boy, who was present, remarked that his father was going to buy a bond. He was asked where he lived, and Messrs. Reed and Walker were directed to his home. Mr. Coomer was in the yard and when he was approached, he said: "Yes, I want a bond." "How much will you take, Mr. Coomer?" "One thousand dollars." "What bond do you want to check on?" "No bank at all," and running his hand in his pocket he drew out the thousand dollars and tendered it. You can not tell from a man's appearance his ability to subscribe for government bonds.

Noted Minister Dead.

Rev. Samuel M. Miller, a native of Taylor county, died at Owensboro, Monday of last week. He left a wife and one child. His ability was known to a great many Columbians and his death was keenly felt here. He had the reputation of being one of the most interesting preachers of the Louisville Methodist Conference. He was pastor of the church at Owensboro. His charge before going to Owensboro was in Louisville where he was dearly loved as a pastor and minister. The burial was at Campbellsville, but it was private, the deceased having been a victim of the Flu. Rev. J. S. Chandler and Rev. Lewis officiated at the grave.

Removed to Roy.

Miss Mattie Sinclair, of this place, has purchased of Mr. Geo. Redman, the latter's residence and plot of land, stock of goods and store building at Roy, this county. She has removed to the property and will engage in the mercantile business. She has had many years experience as a saleslady, and her friends hope that she will soon build up a good trade at her new place of business.

Wheat Grader.

I have at G. B. Smith's mill in Columbia a new wheat grader. Farmers and all who sell wheat are solicited to patronize us for wheat grading.

W. H. Dixon,
Garlin, Ky.

The Fiscal Court, while in session the first week of this month, looked at several farms located near Columbia with the view of buying what would be termed "The Poor Farm," but it did not find one that it considered the court wanted. The purchase has not been abandoned and other farms will be considered. If a purchase is made the inmates of the poor-house would be removed to it. LATER—Since writing the above the above the Court has purchased of Allen Walker the farm known as the Lucien Moore farm, for \$6,000. It is near Montpelier.

Mr. Jim Nick Conover, who lives near Montpelier, has rented Mr. Henry Hurt's residence, on "Bonar Heights," this place and will remove to Columbia between now and Christmas. Mr. Rollin Willis purchased Mr. Conover's farm and will remove to it. Mrs. Fannie Willis, mother of Rollin Willis, will occupy a part of the Lucien Moore farm, for \$6,000. It is near Montpelier.

Persons calling for freight at my office must pay cash for same, I will not hand out packages unless the charges are paid.

Ezzy Young.

It is frequently asked who is the largest subscriber for the Fourth Liberty Bonds in Adair county. The information has come to the News that Mr. Hudson Conover is the holder, he having purchased \$2,300 worth.

Mrs. C. C. Roe, who lives at Sparksville, and who fell and broke her left arm, is getting along all right, though she was a great sufferer for several days.

Our sympathy is extended to Mr. Robt. Ingram, cashier of the Bank at Russell Springs, whose brother died in Camp one day last week. The remains were conveyed to Owen county for interment.

Born, to the wife of M. M. Hood, Oct. 6, 1919, a son; weight 10 pounds.

J. Arthur Mitchell Dies On The Field of Honor.

On the 28 Sept., J. A. Mitchell received a telegram that his son, J. Arthur Mitchell, Ote, Green Co., Ky., was on Aug. 28, reported missing in action. Another telegram on the 8th inst., confirmed his death on 29th of Aug. A letter from the Red Cross assures him of their sympathy. An effort to find out from eye witnesses the full particulars of his death will be forwarded in time for the Memorial service we hope which will be conducted by his pastor, Rev. L. B. Hart, at Ebenezer on the 27th inst., 2 days before the meeting of Transylvania Presbytery in that building.

A Patriot from Prussia.

Please take notice that the Annual Meeting of the Adair Co., Ky. Chapter of the American National Red Cross will be held on Wednesday October 23rd, 1918, at 2 o'clock of said day at Court-house for the election of an Executive Committee, consideration of and action upon reports, and transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Chapter. Each member of the Chapter is earnestly urged to be present.

Mrs. R. F. Rowe,
Secretary.

51-2t

For Sale

Seven room house, with 3½ acres on Greensburg street, known as the J. D. Flowers place. If not sold privately before Nov. 1st, will be sold at auction first day of Nov. Circuit court. For further information see

C. R. Hutchison, or
M. L. Grissom,
Columbia, Ky.
47-5t

Soldier Dies of Influenza.

Walter Lee Humphress, died at Camp Taylor last Friday. His body was shipped to Knifley, this county for burial. It was largely attended.

Fertilizer.

We have a car-load of fertilizer, the "Groves Brand," three different kinds. Get our prices before buying. 16 to 20 Acid.

49-4t Cheathan & Neil.

For Sale.

One 1918 Model Ford five passenger touring car. Good condition. See W. H. Sandusky.

51-3t

In obedience to an order issued by the State Board of Health, the Graduate School, this place, was closed last week, the flu raging in many parts of Kentucky. The Lindsey-Wilson dismissed its pupils living in and near Columbia, but the boarding pupils remained and the school taught. Both schools will open in regular order soon, as the epidemic over the State is much better, and is fast disappearing. There were only three or four cases in the corporate limits of this place, and the patients are recovering.

The Kentucky Grand Lodge of Masons and the Grand Chapter will convene in Louisville this Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Mr. Horace Jeffries is the representative of the lodge here, and Mr. Geo. McMahan is the representative of the Chapter. Mr. J. W. Jones will represent Glendale Lodge and Finis Strange Breeding.

LATER:—No meeting.

Mr. D. T. Curd, a well-known wholesale dry goods salesman, came into Columbia last Friday with a German helmet. It will weigh about ten pounds. He turned it over to the Red Cross and the ladies fixed a charge for a look, and as a result quite a number of dimes and quarters were taken in.

Dr. L. C. Neil, was elected poorhouse physician by the Fiscal Court of this county the first week of this month. His term commenced yesterday, the 15th day of this month.

Mr. A. W. Glasgow, who married Miss Celeste Shirley, of near Milltown, this county, has been elected Superintendent of Schools of Catlettsburg. He is a well qualified man for the position.

Walter M. Wise, of Spurlington, Taylor county, is reported dangerously wounded in France.

ATTENTION.

Red Cross Members and Everybody Especially Boys and Girls.

For the purpose of making Gas masks to protect our soldiers from German poison Gases, the Government needs all the peach stones, plum stones, cherry stones, walnut shells, hickory nut shells, it can get and has asked the Red Cross members to gather them in from all part of Adair county and send them to it.

Judge W. S. Sinclair has agreed to receive them at the court-house in Columbia and keep them until shipped.

Every body will gather up all they can get and bring or send them in as soon as they can.

It does not matter how old they are if sound, but they must be dry. It is the shell and not the kernel that is wanted. They need not be separated but just brought in walnut shells and hickory nut shells, &c., all in the same lot. Let us see what a big pile of them we can make. If you desire you may send them in with kernel in. This is expected to be done. Let us see how much you have done, not for pay, but as an act of patriotism.

W. W. Jones, Chairman.

48-4t

Sent to Belgium.

Two thousand four hundred and twenty-seven pounds of clothing left this place last week for the Belgium sufferers. It was all good and a great deal of it was comparatively new. The citizens of Columbia and out in the county were notified to bring in wearing apparel that they could spare, and in a few days the front room of the Sinclair store building was well-filled. It came from people who were willing to give and give on first notice. It was a noble gift sent to a suffering people, who have the sympathy of all America.

Notice of Stock Election.

This day came J. W. Goodin and 21 other legal voters and residents in Little Lake voting precinct, No. 10, Adair County, Ky., and petitioned the Adair County Court to cause to be open a poll at the next Regular Election, 1918, the question as to whether or not stock of any kind should be permitted to run at large in said precinct.

48-4t

Big Bargains in Fertilizer.

Several grades. Prices \$1.30 to \$1.95 per cwt. Telephone 115 L.

L. M. Smith, Mgr.,
Farmers' Union Store Warehouse,
48-4t Cane Valley, Ky.

The Russell's Creek Baptist Association was held at Mt. Gilead, Green county, last week, but it was in session only a half day. A great many delegates failed to put in an appearance, but most of the preachers were present. The business was rapidly pushed, and a number of good reports were made. Capt. E. F. Tucker, of Greensburg, was the Moderator.

Messrs. Marvin T. Murrell and W. O. Murrell, who are in the Navy, were here last week, visiting their parents, brothers and sisters. They came from Rhode Island. They had the appearance of enjoying fine health. They are sons of Samuel H. Murrell, whose home is Craycraft.

Circuit court will open at Jameson next Monday. A representative of this paper will be in attendance the first two days. Persons having business with the publication are requested to meet him.

Phelps Bros. shipped to Louisville, last Saturday, 150 hogs, 40 cattle and 50 sheep. They paid from 13 to 17 cents for hogs, and 6 to 11 cents for cattle and 10 to 13 cents for sheep.

LOST:—A hood off automobile top, between Cane Valley and Coburg. Send to John Rayburn, Pierce, Ky., by parcel post and receive charges by return mail,

Joppa

Everybody of this community are making good use of the pretty warm days by cutting corn, drying and canning fruits and making molasses.

Mrs. Effie Willis and daughter Kathleen, spent last Saturday night and Sunday with the former's sister, Mrs. Beesie Murrell.

Last Sunday being "Baptist State wide go to Sunday School day." The Sunday school children of Zion gave a very interesting program which was very much enjoyed by a large audience. Bro. Bush also gave his farewell address. We are sorry to give Bro. Bush up as he has certainly made us a fine pastor and was loved by all the community. We congratulate the church to which he goes.

Mr. Henry Moore, wife and little son, James Lewis, of near Cane Valley, made a very pleasant visit at the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Youngs last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Joe Knifley, Mrs. P. P. Dunbar and little daughter, Katherine, spent last Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Murrell.

We are sure glad to know our boys have the Huns on the run. The boys "over there" from this community are sending very cheerful letters to their home people.

Our school is making splendid progress with Miss Kathleen Willis as teacher. All the children love her and she is showing her love for them in the interest she is taking with their lessons and her careful consideration of them.

We understand that Rollin Willis has purchased Mr. J. N. Conover's farm near Pleasant Hill, and will move to it before long. We hate to give him and his family up, but know they will make good wherever they go.

Mrs. Anna Eubank made a very pleasant visit with her parents near Ozark one day last week.

Mrs. Mollie Willis has returned home from Lincoln, where she has been spending several days with her daughter Mrs. Ben Powell.

Mrs. B. Margaret Yates and Mrs. Bess Flowers, went to Louisville last Saturday to see their brothers Mark and Rex Holliday who are in training at Camp Taylor. They report them looking well and well pleased with their soldier life.

Miss Allye Garnett who is teaching in Pendleton county and her sisters Miss Thomasine and Opal who are teaching in Grant, write they are all well pleased with their schools and have good attendance. We know they are making good with their schools for they have been tried in this county.

Residence Phone 13 B Business Phone 11
DR. J. N. MURRELL DENTIST
Office, Front rooms in Jeffries Building up Stairs.

Columbia, - Kentucky

I keep on hands a full stock of coffins, caskets, and robes. I also keep Metalic Caskets, and Steel Boxes and two barrels. We keep extra large caskets. Prompt service night or day. Residence Phone 29, office phone 188. 15-lyr. J. F. Trippett.

Columbia, Ky.

The Huns Can't Stop This Tank - By F. Opper*The Watch On The Rhine - - - By Greening***Campbellsville Hotel**

Main and Depot Streets

W. H. WILSON, Prop.

We cater especially to Commercial Travelers.

Electric Lights, Baths, and Free Sample Rooms.

RATES \$2.00 PER DAY.

Campbellsville, : : Kentucky.

For Weak Women

In use for over 40 years! Thousands of voluntary letters from women, telling of the good Cardui has done them. This is the best proof of the value of Cardui. It proves that Cardui is a good medicine for women.

There are no harmful or habit-forming drugs in Cardui. It is composed only of mild, medicinal ingredients, with no bad after-effects.

TAKE CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

You can rely on Cardui. Surely it will do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women! It should help. "I was taken sick, seemed to be . . ." writes Mrs. Mary E. Veste, of Madison Heights, Va. "I got down so weak, could hardly walk . . . just staggered around. . . . I read of Cardui, and after taking one bottle, or before taking quite all, I felt much better. I took 3 or 4 bottles at that time, and was able to do my work. I take it in the spring when rundown. I had no appetite, and I commenced eating. It is the best tonic I ever saw." Try Cardui.

All Druggists

1.70

Ozark.

We are having ideal weather. Farmers are working early and late, corn cutting is about done. Wheat sowing and making sorghum is the principal occupation at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Murrell and family who have been living in Illinois, for three years are on a short visit to their relatives. Mr. Murrell works on the rail road and cannot remain long away from his work. Mr. and Mrs. Murrell are some of the good people this community have added to the citizenship of Ill.

Mr. Buford Bailey, another of our best boys, has received his call to service and will leave next week.

Prof. L. C. Cabell of Dunnville, spoke at Shiloh last night in the interest of the Red Cross.

\$400 worth of Liberty Bonds were sold in this district last Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. R. N. Graves and little daughter of Russell, Co., spent last week with her sister, Mrs. W. G. Roy and brother Jesse Bryant.

Mr. Jasper Bryant is spending a few days with his children, near Sano.

Mrs. Mattie Scholl spent a few days recently with her mother in Columbia.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Gabbert, visited relatives on Green river last week.

Mr. Elmore Bryant, wife and children, Lee and Opal spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Ellis.

Miss Myrt Combest was guest

Bride of Battle

A Romance of the AMERICAN ARMY FIGHTING on the BATTLEFIELDS OF FRANCE

By VICTOR ROUSSEAU

This is a story of two American wars. It begins with the assault of the American forces upon the Spanish defenders of Santiago in the days of '98 and the scenes of the closing chapters are laid upon the steel-swept fields of France where the soldiers of the great republic of the western world are battling the foes of humanity and civilization.

Intrigue, mystery, chivalry, love, feats of bravery on the field of honor—all these elements are interwoven in a story that mystifies and grips and thrills.

This first up-to-the-minute novel of the new America—the America upon whose arms rests the fate of the world—will appear as a serial in this paper, beginning in an early issue.

Watch for the Opening Installment

of Misses Etta and Lula Bryant

last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Johny Tucker visited Malcom Combest and family, near Cray Craft last Sunday.

Meldrom Scholl bought a farm containing sixty acres from Geo. Redman, of Roy, paying \$1200 for it.

Mr. S. I. Blair is building a new dwelling.

Mrs. James W. Roy has been real sick the past two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Wolford and daughter, Miss Bonnie, visited near Montpelier recently.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Montgomery visited Mrs. Montgomery's parents at Montpelier a few days ago.

Mrs. W. T. Reynolds visited her mother and sisters, in Columbia recently.

Eld. Luther Young visited his home folks last week.

Millard Young visited his brother Lys, at Camp Taylor last week.

Nell.

The farmers are about though cutting tobacco and corn.

Mr. Perry McCubbins and family visited at D. W. Kinnaird last Sunday.

Born to the wife of Leonrad

Walker Sept. 13th, a girl Mother and baby doing well.

James Hunter spent last Saturday with his brother, Philip at Gradyville.

Tom Dohoney and family visited at Clay Kinnaird's last Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Bell is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Sam Taylor.

Mrs. Charley Gowen and children have moved to her father's, Mr. John Yates near here.

Mrs. Kate Hamilton and son are visiting her sister, Mrs. J. E. Hamilton at Glasgow.

Dr. Elam Harris

DENTIST.

OFFICE 164. Residence 123-K

OFFICE: Second Floor

Cor. Main and Depot Sts.

CAMPBELLSVILLE, KY.

Local and General Anesthetics Administered

Bride of Battle

By VICTOR ROUSSEAU

Author of "The Messiah of the Cylinder," "His Second Self," etc.

This is a gripping romance of the American army fighting in France, picturing scenes that are being enacted now by the boys in khaki on the battlefields across the sea.

It is the story of the hour and it will be our next serial.

Watch for the First Chapter

DON'T LET THE SON GO DOWN" POSTER IS A STRIKING DESIGN

Wonderfully Effective Appeal Prepared for the Eighth District Elicits Warm Admiration.

"Don't Let the Son Go Down—Buy Fourth Liberty Bonds."

This illustrated slogan is one of the most effective reminders of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign that has been conceived in any of the loan campaigns, that have been marked by the best efforts of artists and slogan framers.

This particular work of art is the product of the Liberty Loan Organization of the Eighth Federal Reserve District.

It was designed originally as a poster, and posters in striking colors have been prepared ranging in size from the huge 24-sheet posters for billboards to small posters for windows, and on Monday, Sept. 23, when the first of these posters were given to the public, the striking design elicited the warmest admiration.

Also in Electrotypes.

Originally designed for a poster, it has also been modified and has been cast into countless electrotypes of all sizes, ranging down from a cut that will cover a magazine page to a cut half an inch wide.

"Don't Let the Son Go Down" is one of the most appealing advertisements ever conceived.

It represents a United States soldier standing on top of a trench with bayonet charged against the Hun. The poster is printed in orange, blue and black. The setting sun is seen at the back, behind the trench.

SHOW WINDOWS AID LOAN

Pictures and Suggestions Are Sent to Patriotic Merchants for Bond Sale.

If the show windows in our stores can sell goods they can sell Liberty Bonds. And they are doing both.

The Liberty Loan Organization of the Eighth Federal Reserve District is co-operating with the store and shop keepers by furnishing pictures and suggestions for effectively designed displays to boost the Fourth Loan. Circular letters containing half-tone illustrations have been addressed to the "patriotic merchant with a store window," as follows:

"Possibly more goods are sold from window display than all other forms of advertising combined. As the store windows are the best means of selling, we want to organize every store window in the Eighth Federal Reserve District for the selling of Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds."

"If you can think of some clever slogan which would make well into a sign, go to a little expense and have this painted up. Be well assured that the more attractive you make your window display the more good it is going to do, not only to your country, but it is going to bring business into your store."

"Posters will be furnished to you upon application to your Director of Distribution in your community. You will be furnished cheerfully with as many as you desire."

Any merchant that may have been overlooked in the circular list can obtain the posters and suggestions by writing to the Liberty Loan Organization, room 1657, 611 Olive street, St. Louis.

BUYING WAR SECURITIES

St. Louis Labor Editor Says Union Labor Is Trying to Surpass Previous Record.

From all quarters of the country organized labor gives unqualified endorsement of the Fourth Liberty Bonds and the other financial support necessary to make the war a complete success. P. J. Morrin, editor and manager of the Trades Council Union News, which is the official spokesman for organized labor in St. Louis, writes that the government has the wholehearted support of St. Louis' organized labor.

"The trades unionists of St. Louis stand solidly behind the government and its program to prosecute the war to a victorious finish," Morrin writes. "This support is born from the knowledge which inspires the most intense devotion to American ideals and institutions. What is more, the loyalty of our workers is not satisfied to seek expression merely in the waving of flags and similar outward signs of devotion."

"The workers of St. Louis are doing their utmost to help the government in its gigantic task of financing the war. They are practicing thrift as they never did before—and practically every available dollar is being placed at Uncle Sam's disposal in the purchase of Thrift Stamps, War Savings Certificates and Liberty Bonds."

Morrin says the St. Louis unions are tabulating purchases made by the various organizations and individual members, but totals are not now available. He calls attention to the fact that union men have confidence in Liberty Bonds and other government securities from a patriotic as well as a financial standpoint.

GERMAN WAR LOAN METHODS INDICATE FIGHT TO A FINISH

JAMES W. GERARD EXPLAINS WHY HUNS ARE ABLE TO CONTINUE THE STRUGGLE.

BONDS ARE SOLD BY FORCE

Disclosures Prove That Germany Has Counted on Collecting Huge Indemnities.

How vitally necessary it is for the Allies and America to fight the war to a real ending with a decisive German defeat was revealed the other day by James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador to Germany at the outbreak of the war, in a conversation with a reporter. Despite all of the assertions of German diplomats and state officials that Germany wishes no indemnities, Mr. Gerard revealed that the whole German policy of financing the war is based on the very definite plan of demanding all possible indemnities.

The taxes had not been very materially increased—not even the income tax—when Mr. Gerard left the country. Germany was simply doing as she is now doing—financing the war with huge loans which were exacted from the people, but they were funded and financed in such way that they created a vast and constantly increasing public debt—all in convenient shape to be taken up out of the proceeds from indemnities.

German "Subscriptions."

"A German subscribes say 100,000 marks to a German war loan," said Gerard. "He then takes the bonds which he receives to his bank and receives from the bank a credit of 80 per cent of their value, which is loaned to him upon the understanding that he will subscribe them to the following German loan. And so it continues until a low point is reached. Thus an enormous national debt is built up which is carried by the paper money of the country, since in Germany they can issue paper against property."

"The high authorities in Germany have repeatedly stated that they were planning to finance the war on the basis of a certain German victory; they would exact the last penny in indemnities and make some other nation or nations pay for the war."

So it is quite apparent that the Huns are prepared to fight on as long as they are able. The insincerity of their peace please becomes apparent in the light of their war financing. The best observers, in the light of the disclosures regarding their war financing, assert that the Hun merely wants peace to prepare for continuing the war after a breathing space.

Methods Contrasted.

Another decidedly interesting point was developed by Mr. Gerard. When the United States issues a Liberty Loan the country is asked to subscribe freely, but there is no compulsion. That the people may be fully informed upon all points pertaining to bonds and the Liberty Bonds in particular, and that they may fully realize the necessity of backing up their government, the Liberty Loan Committee organizes a far-reaching campaign. The best experts in publicity advertising, salesmanship and finance give of their brains freely. The whole country is also supplied with all information which may in any way aid them in having sufficient data on which to base conclusions.

But in Germany the war loans go forward very quietly. There is no campaign, no publicity department, no corps of expert bond salesmen, no orators, no Liberty Theater, no Liberty Bell, no Liberty Bank. The government simply notifies banks and large insurance and industrial corporations that they are expected to subscribe such and such an amount. This is handled precisely as the individual subscriptions are.

They Never Refuse.

The corporations always subscribe. They have never been known to refuse.

"What would happen to a corporation if it refused?" Mr. Gerard was asked.

"No German corporation ever refused to subscribe," he answered. "If one ever did it would find itself put out of business by the government very speedily. This is perfectly understood. The intimations received by the large institutions are obeyed implicitly and at once."

The banks also keep tab on the poorer classes of persons. Anyone who has money in the bank is sent for by his bank and told that his balance is so and so and that he must take a certain allotment of government bonds.

So, in the opinion of those who know Germany best, it is not surprising that the Germans allow themselves to be herded to slaughter. Those observers declare that the Germans are a nation which so far as the ordinary citizens are concerned has lost its sense of volition and acts in blind obedience at the command of the ruling classes. They add that as a whole the German nation is a nation of peasants, provincial and without the courage to defy their masters. Such a nation could never aspire successfully to world leadership.

COVENANTED PEACE WITH GERMANY IS OUT OF QUESTION

AMERICA WOULD HAVE TO REPUDIATE CIVILIZATION TO BARGAIN WITH BRUTES.

HAGUE CONVENTION IS CITED

Evidence of Violation of All Rules of Humanity Can Be Doubted by No One.

America, unless we repudiate civilization and abandon humanity and put a premium on savagery and brutality, can make no covenanted peace, no peace by agreement or negotiation with Germany. It would be a covenant with hell, a partnership with infamy.

Nor would such a peace secure peace, except so long as it suited Germany. We can judge the future only by the past, and to Germany sacred treaties are scraps of paper only. Germany's whole history is a record of national treachery, national bad faith, national dishonor, national murder and national infamy.

Article 56 of The Hague Convention,

to which Germany solemnly subscribed, is: "Family honor and rights,

the lives of persons and private property,

as well as religious convictions and practice, must be respected. Private property cannot be confiscated."

World Knows of Violations.

The world knows how Germany has observed this article. There are millions of individual witnesses to her flagrant breaches of it. Every acre of foreign soil Germany has occupied bears mute but unimpeachable evidence of it. There is plenty of German evidence of it, too.

The goods of different sorts seized in the enemies' territories are in such large quantities that the difficulty of knowing where to put them increases day by day. At the request of the Prussian Minister of War, all chambers of commerce have been asked to give all possible information with regard to storehouses, sheds, etc., which could be used temporarily to warehouse the spoil." (From the Frankfurter Zeitung, January, 1918.)

The German papers have been crowded with advertisements of sale of property taken from France and Belgium. Members of the Reichstag have boasted of, others have censured, the amount of booty brought to Germany from the occupied territory, and the destruction has been far greater than the confiscation.

Loan Must Show Our Answer.

Of the old men and children murdered, of the women and girls ravished, of the noncombatants taken from their homes and deported to work for their conquerors, of the merchant ships sunk and passengers and crews murdered, of the hospital ships sunk, the hospitals and unfortified cities bombed, of the mutilation and murder by crucifixion and otherwise of wounded and captured soldiers—all this beastliness there is plenty of evidence, evidence that no one can disbelieve.

The best answer to German peace propaganda is sinking more U-boats, sending more men to France, speeding up our work along every line and a heavy subscription to the Fourth Liberty Loan. Peace must mean the triumph of right and justice, the defeat of Germanism, not a trace with it, not a compromise with it.

Our soldiers in France are gloriously doing their part toward victory; the Liberty Loan subscription must show them that the people at home are doing theirs.

SOLDIER PROTECTED PAL

Although Wounded and Suffering, Trooper Covers Dead Friend With Overcoat.

How little we at home are called upon to do toward the ultimate Allied victory when compared with the sacrifices made by our men in the lines can be gathered from an excerpt of Private Peat's narration of his experiences "over there."

One day as he was lying on a stretcher after the first German gas attack at Ypres, Peat says in the American Magazine, a soldier, soaked with blood, mud and rain, minus his overcoat, his tunic torn by shrapnel, came into the field dressing station. As he was shivering with cold, the nurse hurried over and asked him what had become of his overcoat.

"Oh," he answered in a voice quivering with chill, "my pal was killed back there, and he looked so cold lying there in the rain that I took off my coat and put it over him."

Peat's comment on the story is that "if the men in the trenches, with their dirt and their filth, their swearing and fighting, can show such tenderness and unselfishness and sacrifice I don't believe you here at home are going to fall below them in nobility of spirit."

Need we make further comment? Just think of this story during the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign.

GERMANY'S RULE OF CONQUERED LANDS IS LESSON TO AMERICA

Consider What Would Happen to Us if the Improbable Should Take Place.

Copies of the Journal de Geneve received at Washington show just what sort of a peace the Germans enforce on a conquered people when they feel able to dictate to the conquered.

By cable from London and from the Geneva newspaper just mentioned it appears that among other terms forced by the Huns upon the Roumanians the whole male population from age 14 to age 60 is subject to forced labor at the will of the Prussians. Under this decree Roumanian farmers have been required to work at long distances from their homes and for the sole benefit of the invader.

Officials here point out that America could expect no better peace terms from the Huns in case the fortunes of war should turn against this country and the Germans should dictate how we should make peace and manage our affairs.

Means Virtual Slavery.

It would mean that a farmer might be required to leave his family and farm to get along as best they could while he was put on a train with thousands of others and taken to the passes of the Alleghenies to build fortifications for the Huns against any possible rebellion of Americans against their conquerors.

The same tactics have been followed in Belgium, in Serbia, in Poland and in the Ukraine of Russia, wherever the Germans have made themselves the masters. Roumanian elections have been dictated at bayonet points and the people are not permitted to pass from one part of the country to another without special permits that are very hard to obtain.

It is this known history and these known traits of the German character that make the most telling arguments for subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty Loan. It is only by subscribing the full loan that we are able to maintain armies and keep up the fight, and it is only by creating an army to smash the Hun forever that we can absolutely assure ourselves that this country will not undergo the fate of Belgium or Roumania or North France.

If there were enough "slackers" among the people of this country it would be only a question of time until we were in the same condition as Roumania. The world opinion is firm that Germany had set out to make itself master of the world.

WHOLE NATION AT WAR; NOT ONLY SOLDIERS

By C. H. Martin, Major General U. S. Army, Commanding Camp Grant, Illinois.

The Fourth Liberty Loan should again forcibly remind everybody that the whole nation is in the war, and not merely the men in uniform.

We are teammates in a mighty game; a game which has been developing for centuries. The contending teams are Autocracy and Democracy, and life is the stake for which they are playing. We are now at the very climax of that age-long struggle.

Your part on the team requires a devotion and disinterested forgetfulness of self as complete and unflagging as you expect from the men in uniform. No one can do his duty on any team who measures his duty by any other standard than his entire abilities. It cannot be measured by comparisons with the performances of others.

Do not think that the front, only, is the war; the front is a part of the team. I like to think that it is a part of sufficient importance to engage your enthusiastic interest and support. The anxiety with which you wait for good news from the front is of the same variety as that which the front waits for good news from the back. Any especially good play on any part of the team strengthens the heart of every member of the team.

It is your play now; oversubscribe this loan cheerfully and with enthusiasm.

Get into the game.

THE WAY TO FIGURE IT NOW

[As compiled by the Cannelton (Ind.) Enquirer.]

10 mills make 1 cent.

10 cents make 1 dime.

10 dimes make 1 dollar.

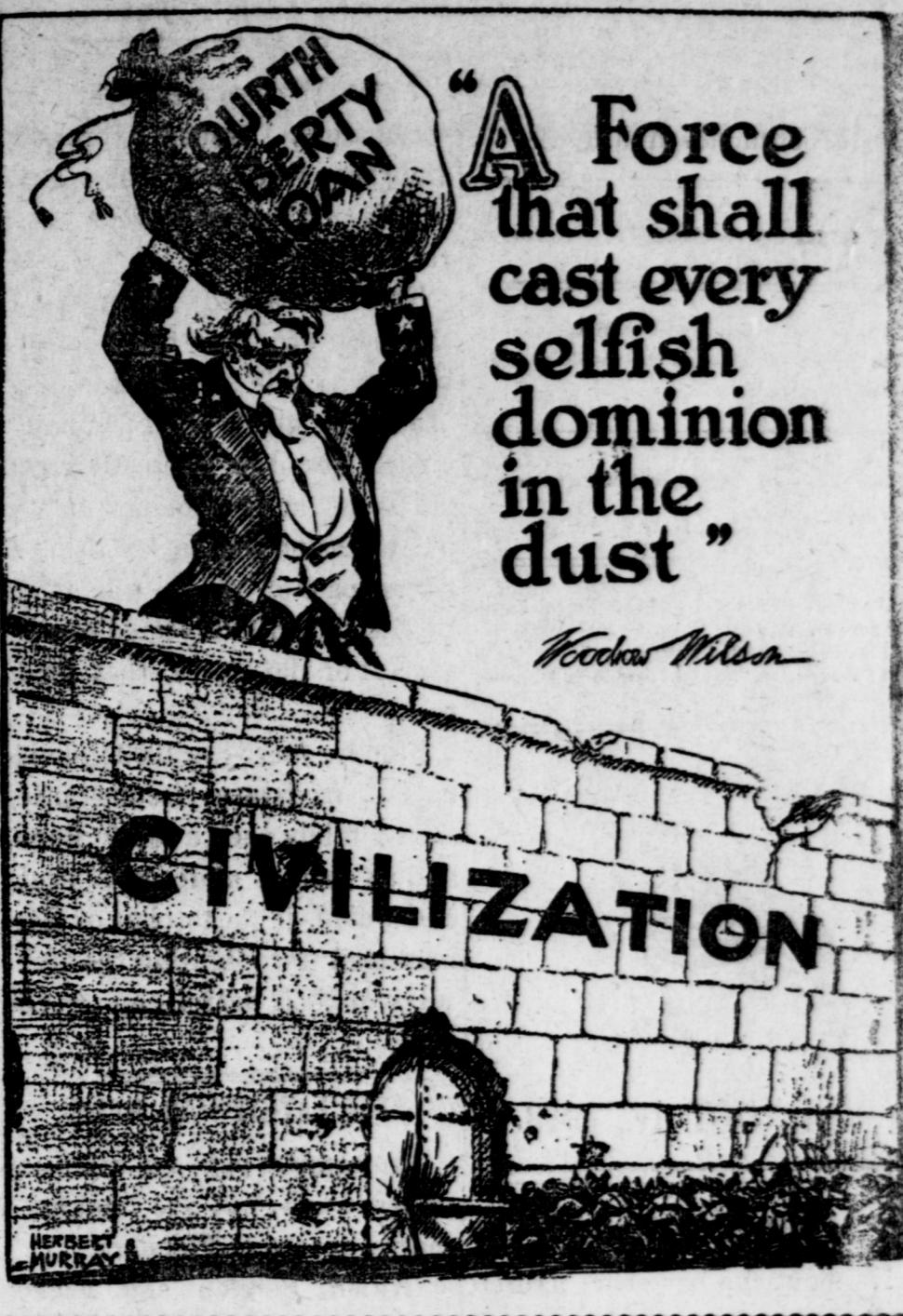
50 dollars make 1 bond.

1 bond makes 1 bomb.

1 bomb gets 10 Huns.

"Win the War for Freedom" day strike. The openly expressed longing for war often degenerates into vain boasting and ludicrous sabre-rattling. But still and deep in the German heart must the joy in war and the longing for war endure.—Otto von Gottberg in Jungdeutschland Post, January 25th, 1913.

The Journal says further that the Treasury Department is watching with a keen eye every piece of legislation which has to do with government finance, and nothing gets its approval which would have any tendency to make anything more desirable as an investment than the Liberty Bonds.



NOW GO TO THE BOTTOM FOR HIM!

Advertise in The Adair County News.

Adair County News

Published On Wednesdays.

At Columbia, Kentucky.

BARKSDALE HAMLETT, EDITOR

Democratic newspaper devoted to the interest of the City of Columbia and the people of Adair and adjoining counties.

Entered at the Columbia Post-office as second class mail matter.

Subscription Price 1st and 2nd Postal Zones \$1.50 per year.
All Zones beyond 2nd \$2.00 per year.
All Subscription due and payable in Advance.

WED. OCT 16, 1918.

JAMES B. MCCREARY.

No man who has ever figured in the public and political life of Kentucky dies more honored, and more universally beloved. It was his second nature to be gentle in all things. He always did his best and was always kind. No man in Kentucky's illustrious history has emulated his political career. No man, perhaps, ever will. But the quality that we shall always remember and revere him for, was his magnificent personality, and his kind and gentle way of blending his own ambitions with the interests of the "common" man.

BONDS OR TAXATION.

There remains to be raised in Adair county about \$70,000 on the Fourth Liberty Loan. Patriotic men who for business considerations hesitate to invest in these bonds must eventually regret their criminal selfishness on reflection that they are for the protection of the lives of our boys in France, for the protection of our properties accumulated before and since the war began, for the security of our banks, for the value of our farms, and for the perpetuation of all of our securities and privileges under a free government.

These bonds are the best investment that can be made with money from a purely financial standpoint. The money must be raised for the successful prosecution of the war either by the sale of these sound interest bearing securities, or by a righteous and necessary conscription of property by way of direct taxation. If this should be necessary, let the greedy slacker squeal and howl in vain. The conscripted blood of our sons who sleep in Flanders fields will echo their lost opportunity.

CERTAIN CLASSES OF MEN.

If Adair county goes over the top.

There are men in the county who have already subscribed, who are able, and ought to increase their subscription, many who can and ought to double and triple it.

There are men who perhaps, are short on cash, but have lands and property and can easily borrow money on these good securities. They should do it and buy bonds to show that they are 100

per cent., Adair Countians and patriots.

Another class are farmers, speculators, traders, brokers, and those who have made large profits and accumulations as a result of the war.

This unearned increment is the price of the blood of our boys who die in France, and should be gladly and willingly loaned for the protection and safety of those who are taking our places on the battle field. A liberal part of these war made profits should be invested for the success of the cause that made them.

Finally, there are 1000 individuals of moderate circumstances who can buy each a \$100 Bond, and as many more who could and would, if the torches of German Hell were lighting the archways of their doors, buy a \$50 Bond.

THE LATEST WAR NEWS.

The armies pay no attention to peace talk, but are making a master stroke in Flanders.

British, Belgian and French forces attacked at dawn this morning on a wide front in Flanders. The Allied troops are driving in the general direction of Ghent and Courtrai.

In the British formation were some of Great Britain's best troops and the forces of the French were of famous fighting organizations. The Germans appear perhaps prepared to retire to the Ghent line.

The blow in Flanders may prove to be Marshal Foch's master stroke. If the Allied progress is continued the Germans throughout a wide stretch of territory, taking in the most important part of the Belgian coast, including possibly the important German submarine bases, as well as the forces in the entire Lille salient either will have to get out or face a second Sedan.

VICIOUS GERMAN ATTACK REPULSED BY YANKEES.

With the American Forces Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 14 noon (by A. P.)—Violent artillery actions were in progress today along the greater part of the American front.

The most determined effort made by the enemy was on the left across the River Aire between St. Juvin and St. Georges. The Germans advanced in open order and fought with a steadiness that indicated fresh troops. Within an hour however, the American artillery supporting the line of infantry with machine guns had brought the little offensive to a halt.

KAISER NOT TO ABDICATE.

The Wolff News Agency of Berlin to-day issued an official denial of the report which had become current in Germany that Emperor William intended to abdicate.

Great pillar of the Hindenburg line broken down and the Anglo-American drive forcing Germans back toward frontier with losses. Defense system crushed between Cambrai and St. Quentin and Yankees and French continue their progress.

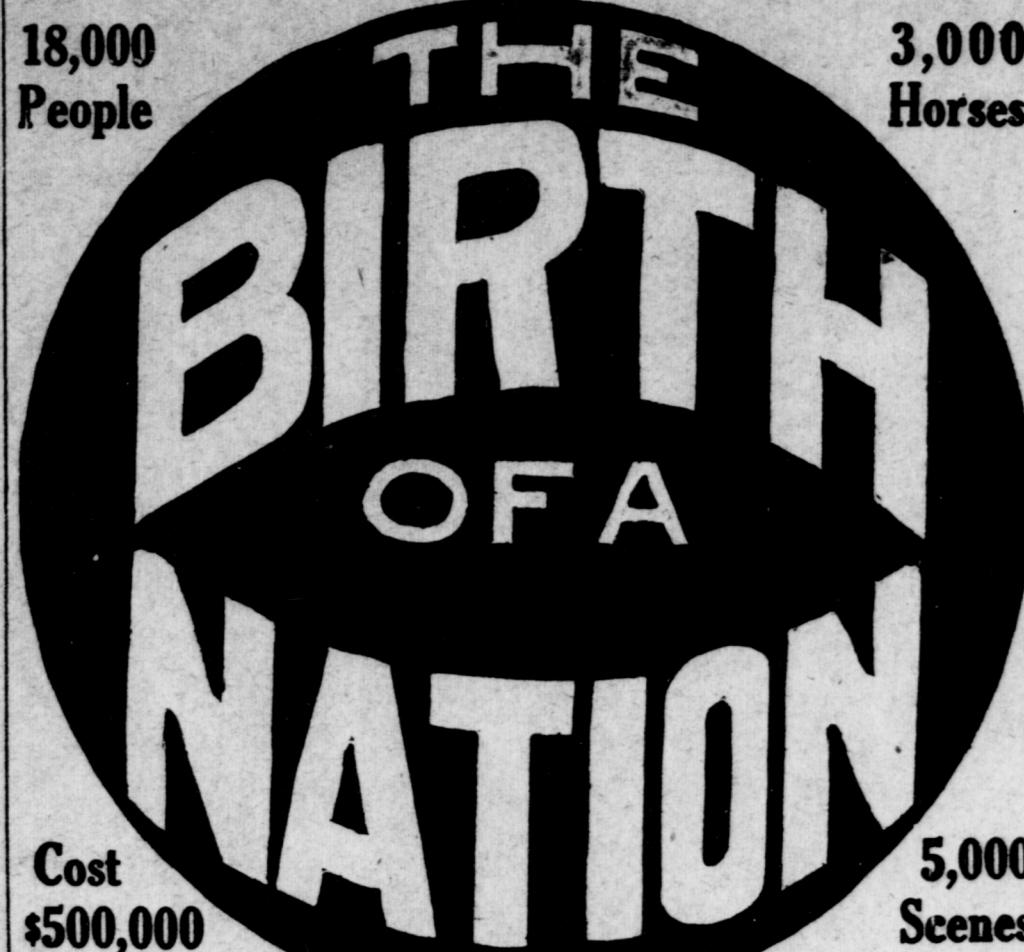
Field Marshal Haig has resumed his attack and reports that rapid progress is being made on a front of more than thirty miles from northeast of Cambrai to east of St. Quentin. In capturing Cambrai and

breaking through the German defenses to the south the British and Americans took more than 8,000 prisoners and a large quantity of guns. Near Romont the Americans captured an entire German artillery position of three batteries.

The American losses have not been heavy. The total American casualties is less than half the number of Germans taken prisoners.

The military critic of the Times has written a letter from the front saying that the German armies are at the end of their strength.

D.W. Griffith's Gigantic Military Spectacle



ALHAMBRA THEATRE

Campbellsville, Kentucky.

Tuesday, Oct. 22. Big Orchestra. Prices 50, 75 and \$1.00.

Don't Fail to See This Wonder. Have Your Night Seats Laid Aside.

Columbia Motor Freight Co.,

We Haul and Deliver your Freight, Daily, between Columbia and Campbellsville, Equipped with large Motor Trucks and New Freight Depot, opposite Post Office. All Country Freight delivered from new depot. Prompt and Courteous Service rendered our Patrons. We solicit your business.

Columbia Motor Freight Co.,
Young & Hutchison,
COLUMBIA, KENTUCKY.

UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER.

We reprint in part an editorial from the Sunday Courier-Journal. These words express exactly the sentiments of the News, and we believe, the sentiments of the American people.

It is a time of deepest anxiety. Let there be no premature rejoicing. The prayers of America are with Woodrow Wilson, and the patriot who has guided the nation and has been the example of the world may be relied upon to meet the situation with the knowledge, the skill and the high resolve that is in him. The man in the White House must draft the programme of civilization in its future dealings with the despoiler; that he and his colleagues of the Allied Governments will permit the Hun to retire to his bloody lair still a belligerent is unthinkable.

Much remains to be done before the peace pact is signed. Patriots will not think of us as being at the end of the war. It may be true that the Central Powers submit to all the declarations of principles enunciated by the President and desire to discuss their mere details. It may be true that the Kaiser has been thrust into the background by the popular will of a beaten nation. It is undoubtedly true that Germany and Austria are more than willing to withdraw their defeated armies peaceably, as soon as they may.

But shall these armies walk back over the soil they have outraged, bearing arms and as belligerents? Shall they tread the lands between the battle line and the Rhine with their armor upon them, ready to form a circle of bayonets around the Fatherland and menace the peace conference with unimpaired military power? It is inconceivable. It is not possible that the President or his colleagues abroad will consent to such a programme. To do so would be to throw away the dearly won fruits of bitter sacrifice and to leave in the status of belligerents these outlaw Powers whose complete overthrow is but a question of time. It would make the peace conference a meeting on equal terms between the outlaws and the avenging nations, and such a spectacle must not be.

The arms of Germany and Austria must be stacked on the battlefield. Their troops must return to their own borders without the instruments of warfare. The reply of Maximilian, thus enforced by the Allies, will then in reality be the unconditional surrender which democracy and liberty and civilization find necessary to keep the world a safe place for them to grow in, and for mankind to work out in the destiny which God intended.

This is the spirit of America and her allies. The President may be trusted to breathe it in the clarity and beauty of its conception. Wait for him before you talk or even think of Peace. The terms have always been, and must always be, two words:

Unconditional surrender.

PUBLIC SALE

Saturday, Oct. 24, 1918.

At the farm of James Holladay deceased, 4 miles east of Columbia on the Columbia and Russell Springs road.

7 Head horses and mules.

3 Sows and pigs.

8 Head of stock hogs.

8 Head of cattle.

3 Milk cows.

Several tons of good hay.

Wagon, binder, mowing machines, corn mill, wheat drill, corn drill, turning plows, gang plow, double shovels, harrows and all kind of farming implements and tools.

TERMS: Made known on day of sale.

Mrs. Mattie Holladay.

Columbia,

Kentucky.

SINGER SEWING MACHINES

RENTED by Week or Month at Very Moderate Rates.

SOLD on the most liberal monthly payments.

Old Machines taken in exchange.

SINGER MACHINES NOT HIGH PRICED COMPARISON SOLICITED

We sell Electric Motors for any Machine.

Attachments and Appliances for Every Stitching Purpose.

Needles for any Machine and the Best Sewing Machine Oil.

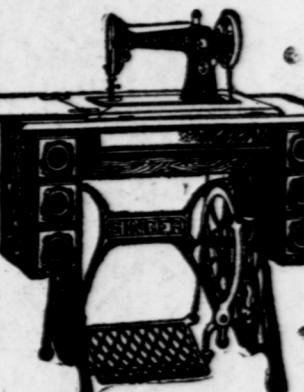
Does your Machine need Repairs? Call, Write or Phone to

I have some good bargains in first-class

second hand Maahines

B. H. Kimble,

Adair Co. News Office.



PUBLIC SALE

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1918.

1 Mare

1 Buckboard and Harness.

1 Farm wagon.

1 Mowing machine and hay rake.

1 Corn Drill and A Harrow.

Household and kitchen furniture.

Sale begins at 10 o'clock, on my farm, near Zion Church.

Fannie Willis,

Joppa, - - - Kentucky.

MEN WANTED

FOR

Government Work

AT

Camp Knox, Stithton, Kentucky.

Transportation Furnished for Laborers.

For Particulars Apply at

JEFFRIES

HOTEL.

Personals.

Gordon English is at home, from Louisville.

Mr. O. C. Pace, of Lebanon, was here last Wednesday.

Mr. Geo. Coffey was quite sick several days of last week.

Mr. F. E. Allen, of Bowling Green, was here a few days ago.

Mr. H. O. Smith, Greensburg, was here a few days ago.

Dr. J. W. Raffay, of Pellyton, was here a few days ago.

Mr. Al Sinclair, of Louisville, visited relatives here last week.

Mr. W. A. Stone, Louisville, spent several days in Columbia last week.

Mr. O. G. McBeath, of Danville, was here a day or two of last week.

Mr. J. F. Hindman, Glasgow, was in Columbia last Saturday and Sunday.

Fred Harris came home from Georgetown College and was quite last week.

Miss Letitia Paul, who is teaching near Falmouth, is at home for a few days.

Miss Rose Heyd, who teaches at Jamestown, is spending a week at home.

Mr. N. B. Miller, of Buffalo, N. Y., is here to meet his relatives and friends.

A. W. Reese, Jamestown, a former student in Lindsey-Wilson, was here Friday.

Mr. Geo. S. Cardwell, of Louisville, called to see the Columbian merchants last Friday.

Mr. R. H. Dietzman, of Louisville, called to see our merchants last Thursday.

Dr. O. P. Miller, who is stationed at Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., is spending a few days at home.

Mr. Will Ed Squires is at home from Camp Taylor. He left on a twenty days furlough.

Mr. G. M. Hedwick, a prominent business man of Monticello, was here last Wednesday.

Dr. F. H. Winfrey went to Louisville last Friday, with the view of accepted a position.

Miss Sue King, teacher in the Graduated School, who has been very sick, is rapidly improving.

Mr. R. L. Allen left for Stithton Friday morning where he will be engaged for some time.

Mr. Jack Young was quite sick with pneumonia last week, but he is now on the road to recovery.

Mr. L. M. Young was in Stithton last week with a view of establishing a business at that place.

Eld. Vertis Williams, who lives in Stillwater, Okla., arrived last week, to visit his mother and sisters.

Mr. Arthur Bloomshire, of Pennsylvania, is visiting at the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Murrell, near Zion.

Misses Mary, Susan and Julia Miller are spending a few days with their parents, Dr. and Mrs. S. P. Miller.

Rev. A. E. Wrentmore, Evangelist of the Christian Church, went to Indiana last week to visit relatives.

Mr. Harlan Shaw, who was at work at Nashville, came home, sick, with influenza, but he has gotten well.

Mr. Oma Barbee and wife who had an attack of the Spanish flu, are recovering and will soon be able to leave their room.

Miss Minnie Ingram, who teaches in Pendleton county, reached home, to spend a week, last Wednesday night.

Miss Sallie E. Butler and a party of friends returned last week, after several weeks touring and visiting in Central Kentucky.

Mr. and Mrs. V. Sullivan came over from Campbellsville last Thursday. The former has just recovered from an attack of the flu.

Miss Kate Gill, who teaches at Smith's Grove, was at home last week. She dismissed her school by order of the State Board of Health.

Mr. W. S. Feese and wife, who have been living at Akron, Ohio, arrived last week and will make their home in the county, Mr. Feese to farm.

Miss Sue King's mother and brother arrived from Louisville Thursday night. It was gratifying that they found the former much better.

Mr. Jo Vaughan, who visited his parents at Glendale, left Saturday morning on his return trip to his place of business, New Haven, Conn.

Mr. V. Sullivan, who had an attack of influenza, and who was very sick for several days, at his home in Campbellsville, is regaining his health.

Mrs. Malisia Christie received a dispatch, stating that her son, Norman, was dangerously ill in a camp in Louisiana. She left Tuesday to be at his bedside.

Mrs. E. E. Spiller, of Brady, Texas,

daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Todd, arrived in Columbia a week or more since. She will be with her parents for several weeks.

Mr. J. A. Todd, an oil man from Winchester, reached Columbia last Friday night. Mr. R. A. McCall, also engaged in developing oil, of Butler, Penn., was here Saturday.

Mr. R. K. Young returned from Mississippi last Wednesday night. He says he will remove to the farm he purchased in that State sometime in the near future.

Mrs. E. P. Harris, nee Miss Pearl Hindman, of Catlettsburg, is visiting her father, Mr. W. A. Hindman, and other relatives in Adair county and in Columbia. Her friends are always glad to see her.

Mr. Lilburn Phelps, a prominent lawyer of Jamestown, spent Wednesday night here, on his return from Louisville. While in the city he contracted the flu, and spent ten days in an infirmary.

Mr. T. P. Martin, of Dayton, Ohio, son-in-law of Mr. S. D. Barbee, this place, was operated on for adhesion of the stomach and also for appendicitis, in Deaconess Hospital, Louisville. Mr. Martin reached here last week and will remain until he fully recovers.

Dr. Oscar Keene was here a few days since en route to his home in Burkesville. He had spent two weeks at Camp Taylor, administering to afflicted soldiers. He said, in his judgment, that the dust was the principal cause of the epidemic now raging in the camps.

Mr. J. P. Beard returned from St. Louis last Tuesday night, his son, John, being in an infirmary in that city, being treated for infantile paralysis. Mr. Beard will return some time this week with Mrs. Beard and the two will remain with their son during the winter. Mr. Beard has been assured that his son will be cured.

Lieut. Charles S. Caldwell, son of Mrs. Etta Caldwell, of Albuquerque, N. M., who is a native of Adair county, visited his cousin, Miss Mollie Caldwell, and other relatives here last week. Lieut. Caldwell was from Camp Perry, Ohio, where he graduated and received his commission. He was en route for Colorado Springs, where he will engage in training soldiers.

Stewart M. Kinnaird, Red Lick, is reported severely wounded in France.

The county levy for this year is \$1.20. Last year it was \$1.25.

Lester Hubbard, of Greensburg, was reported seriously wounded in France.

Good rain fell here last Friday afternoon and Friday. It was very much needed.

Don't fail to see "The Birth of a Nation," Alhambra Theater, Oct. 22, Campbellsville, Ky.

Mr. J. B. Coffey, this place, was summoned on the Federal Grand Jury, and was due to be in Louisville Monday.

A report comes from France that Jo Wehtington, of Clementsville, Casey county, has been severely wounded.

If you are coughing and aching and undecided as to what is the matter, remain in your room, for future developments.

Cortez Sanders has purchased the Finis Rosenbaum residence on Bomar Heights, and will remove to it.

John Lee Barger, of color, this county, died at Camp Taylor Thursday morning, a victim of pneumonia. His remains were shipped to this county.

5,000 scenes, 18,000 characters, 3,000 horses, approximate cost of production, \$500,000, at Alhambra Theatre, Campbellsville, Oct. 22.

Mr. C. C. Stephens, a substantial citizen, will likely remove with his family to Columbia. He has not bought property, but is looking around.

For Sale.

Four sows and pigs. Three sows are pure bred Duroc, and one Poland China. G. R. Reed.

51-2t

The tax-books are now in my hand and I am ready to receive taxes. I or one of my deputies will be at my office daily. Tax-payers are requested to call as rapidly as possible.

Cortez Sanders, Sheriff.

43-tf

Some improvements going on at Sparksville. Luther England is having erected a nice residence. C. Gowen is also putting up a two story dwelling. Tilden Wheeler is having verandas built to his residence and A. W. Rowe is also having a veranda built to his home.

Mrs. Malisia Christie received a

Gradyville.

We had a good rain today.

H. A. Walker, of Columbia, was here last week looking after cattle.

Charlie Sparks continues to improve slowly.

Liberty Loan meeting was very well attended here. The first week the subscription list was between three and four thousand dollars.

A. N. Bridgewater & Son, of Greensburg, received cattle at this place the first of the week, at prices from 6 to 8½ cents per pound.

Dr. L. C. Nell, wife and son are visiting relatives, at Owen-ton, this week.

Arvest Hill, of Adairville, is with his parents for a few days rest in our city at this time.

Miss Christine Nell, after several days visiting relatives at Edmonton, returned home last week.

W. P. Nunnally, the well-known drug man of Horse Cave, called on his customers here the first of the week.

Squire Thos. Gowen, one of our oldest citizens, died near this place on the 5th, with a complication of diseases.

Strong Hill spent the largest part of the week at Tortia, where he is putting in a new saw mill.

W. C. Hill, wife and son will take rooms at their brother's, Strong Hill, for the winter months.

Our old friend, Will Diddle, of Adairville, called into see us just for a few minutes on his return from the State of Michigan, where he had been looking after autos. Will is looking fine and says he is enjoying the best of health.

Our school was called off last Tuesday on the account of the well-known disease, flu. We are glad to note that we have no cases in our town at the present and our public gatherings and visitings are all cut out for the time being. Our efficient teacher, Miss Bettie Butler, returned to her home, near Columbia.

From New Mexico.

Elida, Oct. 7, 1918.
The Adair County News,
Columbia, Ky.

Dear friends and comrades:

I herewith send check to amount of \$5.00 to pay my delinquent subscription and as far ahead as it will go. I have been very careless about this matter—not that I did not care for good old Adair County News, for I do love her very much. I do not like to miss a single number of Judge Baker's articles, so I will request you to send at least two back numbers.

The Adair County people that live here are doing well. Bob and Ben Grissom, Elder Collins and Jo Powell are doing extremely well. All have big cattle ranches and big bunches of good cattle.

Yours to work for a righteous peace,

Jos. E. Taylor.

43-tf

When trading at our store please mention that you saw this advertisement in The Adair County News.

All Classes of Dental work done. Crowns and Inlay work a Specialty. All Work Guaranteed.

Office:—next door to post office.

HENRY W. DEPP,

DENTIST

Am permanently located in Co-

lumbia.

All Classes of Dental work done. Crow-

nons and Inlay work a Specialty.

All Work Guaranteed.

Office:—next door to post office.

The Stock of Quality

ALBIN MURRAY.

The Ladies' Store

War Prices do not Keep Us From Supplying the Needs of our Customers.

Mens' and Boys' Union Suits.

Silk and Pongee Shirts at Rock Bottom Prices for Men and Boys

BLANKETS.

Pure Wool and Mixed Fabrics

Crockery, Aluminum Ware and Fruit Jars,

Galvanized Metal Ware

Overcoats and Cloaks.

Outfitters for Men and Boys.

Fancy Wearing Apparel for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Veils, Gloves, Fancy Hosiery, and Lingerie, Hats

and Caps for the Men and Boys.

SHOES.**ALBIN MURRAY,**

Columbia, - - - - - Kentucky.

Next Door to The Adair County News Office.

STEEL RANGES

Built Especially For Wood Fuel

South Bend Malleable - - \$95.

This Range has for many years been a favorite in Columbia and Adair County. We give a complete set of Aluminum utensils and vessels worth \$15. with every Stove.

Progress Ranges at . . . \$50.

Bought on the low market, are CHEAPER than Factory Prices.

Section Harrows and Turning Plows

10 per cent less than cost.

Paints and Varnishes

At LESS than present cost. Sherwin-Williams paints are the standard in Kentucky, and wherever this brand can be secured.

Hardware, Automobile Tires and Accessories, Certain-teed Roofing.

When trading at our store please mention that you saw this advertisement in The Adair County News.

S. M. Sanders & Co.

Campbellsville, Kentucky.

American Finds Italy's King a Royal Democrat



Hamilton Holt Interviews Victor Emmanuel at the Front, Where He Lives Rugged Life of a Soldier.

By GARRET SMITH.

An alliance with Republican France in the world war for Democracy is perfectly understandable to every citizen of the United States. In the case of our other chief Allies, however, there are still left some old-fashioned Americans, fed on the king-balting school histories of a generation ago, who are a bit puzzled to find the country of George Washington lined up with the "king-ridden" nations of Europe.

But the King of Italy is not an old-fashioned King at all.

This view of Victor Emmanuel as a royal democrat is strikingly interpreted by Hamilton Holt, editor of The Independent, who has just returned from Italy, where he had a most unusual interview with His Majesty.

Mr. Holt went to Italy as the representative of the Italy America Society at the time of the celebration of the third anniversary of Italy's entrance into the war. He was received in Rome with much ceremony.

"Finally, after these formalities were over," Mr. Holt told me, "I was



KING VICTOR EMMANUEL AND THE CROWN PRINCE.

conducted up through the northern provinces to the hills just behind the battle line. We stopped at a little villa belonging to a small wine merchant, which had been requisitioned for government use. There were two or three sentinels about the grounds and as many orderlies within. That was all, no other evidence that it was a post of any great importance. An officer led me up to a bed-chamber on the third floor and knocked.

Royal Headquarters Modest.

"Inside I was cordially greeted by a modest, middle-aged little man in a plain uniform that I could scarcely distinguish from that of a common soldier, no epaulets, gold braid or medals, nothing but a ribbon showing years of service such as any soldier might wear. After a hearty handshake, he invited me to be seated."

That was the King of Italy as one Yankee saw him.

"There was not the slightest hint of royal ceremony about our meeting," declared Mr. Holt. "He simply ushered me into his apartment and invited me to sit down, as any private citizen would receive another. And it was a very simple little apartment with no hint of luxury about it. There was a simple bed, washstand, bureau and two or three little straight-back chairs—chairs that looked as though they might be of maple. I remarked on the simplicity of his quarters and he said they were much better than some he had occupied."

"Five minutes' time I had lost all sense of being in the presence of royalty. You know that ordinarily court etiquette demands that a private citizen shall not speak to a king in the course of an interview except to answer His Majesty. Before I realized it I had forgotten all about that convention and we were chatting freely, asking and answering questions back and forth and actually swapping yarns in good old Yankee fashion. He kept me talking for three-quarters of an hour and, of course, I had nothing to do with the length of the call, as I naturally followed custom to the extent of waiting for him to terminate the interview. The King speaks a perfect English, has a good sense of humor, enjoys telling a good story and enjoys listening to one. In fact the only dif-

GOLD, AS WELL AS BLOOD AND STEEL, IS VICTORY PRICE

GERMANY'S WAR CHEST AT SPANDAU KEEP WAS READY WITH ARMY.

OUR CHEST IS BEING FILLED

What Could Our Fighters Do if the Liberty Loan Failed?

Blood and steel and gold win wars; and not the least of these is gold.

There is a tower in Berlin, the Spandau Keep, where for a generation before the year 1914 Germany was hoarding the yellow metal that was to launch her imperial effort at conquering the world. The hoard long since vanished in the red furnace of war and loan after loan has been raised in Germany in order to carry on the conflict.

Germany had the trained men, the blood of the nation; she had the steel and she further increased her steel resources by immediately seizing the great iron-mining sections of France as well as Belgium, but the gold, the credit, has had to be found as the war moved along.

When Germany can no longer raise or force loans, or plunder conquered countries, the war will end in a German defeat. Blood and steel are helpless without it.

Gold Is Vital Here.

Our own war preparations would never have moved had it not been for the mobilized credit of the nation. Without American gold the Allies must have faltered. If the country could no longer raise the money to carry on the war all the training camps would be deserted, our ships would lay at the docks, the American navy would gather rust in quiet waters and the American army, overseas, would face starvation. Our cannon would fall quiet for lack of shells, our rifles would be empty. The Huns could massacre the American troops at will.

That is what it means when we are asked to subscribe to a Liberty Loan. That is the real meaning of the Fourth Liberty Loan. Our armies must be kept in the field. Our navy must be kept at work and our transports and freighters must plow the seas with men and munitions and food. That is why the buyer of a Liberty Bond is actually backing up the men who are with Pershing.

The blood and the steel have gone overseas and the dollars, or what the dollars will buy, must follow them and keep following them.

Not an Idle Phrase.

"Buy a Liberty Bond and Back the Boys Over There" is not an idle phrase. Every word of it is full of solemn meaning. Picture to yourself the despair that would overtake every American in France if he knew a Liberty Loan had hopelessly failed, that his relatives and friends were no longer willing to buy bonds that he might live and fight on!

The rifle in his hand might as well be a broken stick. His bayonet might as well be a burnt match. He would realize that, no matter what he had done, how he had fought, how many American graves there were on the hills of France—that the war was lost, that there was nothing but mockery back of the American front.

That was what, in a measure, happened to the Russian armies when the loose-tongued revolutionaries seized the government. The support of the army was gone. Here in America, 3,000 miles away from the star shells that spot the night and the shrapnel bursts that spangle the days, we are called upon to supply the gold that is to back the blood and steel. The Fourth Liberty Loan is the call for American gold, for the gold that must be a part of the combination of men, money and iron that makes and stiffens armies and makes or breaks nations.

LARGE CONTRACTS AWARDED

St. Louis Manufacturers to Make 300,000 Pairs of Shoes for Soldiers.

Three St. Louis manufacturers have been awarded contracts for 375,000 pairs of army shoes at an aggregate price of \$2,579,400. The award is a part of a total contract of 2,021,000 pairs at a cost of \$14,107,600 made by the Quartermaster's Corps of the War Department to 81 manufacturers throughout the country.

All of the shoes are to be metallic-fastened field and marching shoes. Of the three awards to St. Louis, the Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co. will make 75,000 pairs, the Brown Shoe Co. 100,000 and the International Shoe Co. 200,000. Under the contract the field shoes must be delivered by Dec. 10, 1918, and the marching shoes by Jan. 31, 1919.

The three contracts, together with contracts for the remainder of the aggregate awards, will absorb every available worker in the country. Even then the work will have to be carried out intensively. But the shoe workers already have indicated their determination to do their share. At the same time they will invest their surplus in Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds.

Go to Church Times.

The pastors of Columbia and vicinity extend a cordial welcome to all. Presbyterian church, Rev. B. T. Watson Pastor.

Sunday-School 9:45 a.m. Congregational Worship 11 a.m. Evening Service at 7 p.m. on every second and fourth Sundays.

Prayer service Wednesday evening at 6:30. Sunday-school topic discussed. Preaching at Union 1st and 3rd Sabbaths.

METHODIST CHURCH.
L. F. Piercy, Pastor.

Preaching 1st and 3rd Sunday in each month.

Sunday School at 9:30 a.m. Epworth League 6:15 p.m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 6:30.

Everybody cordially invited to these services.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Preaching on each first and third Sunday.

Morning service 11 o'clock.

Evening service 7 o'clock.

Sunday School 9:30

B. Y. P. U. evening 6:10

Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening 6:30.

Business meeting Wednesday evening before the 3rd Sunday in each month.

Missionary Society, the last Thursday in each month, 3:00 o'clock.

F. H. Durham, Supt. S. S.

O. P. Bush, Pastor.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Bible School every Sunday at 9:30 a.m.

Judge Hancock, Superintendent.

Preaching service at 11 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. on Second and Fourth Sundays.

Prayer meeting each Wednesday evening at 8:00.

Official meeting Friday night before the fourth Sunday in each month.

Woman's Missionary Society, the first Sunday in each month at 2:45 p.m.

Mission Band the first Sunday each month at 2 p.m.

Ladies Aid Society Thursday afternoon Sunday at 3:00 p.m.

Z. T. Williams, Pastor.

G. R. Reed, Sect.

Ray Conover, Tres.

Automobile Line.

The Regular Line from Columbia to Campbellsville is owned and operated by W. E. Noe. He has in his employ safe and reliable drivers.

Transportation can be had at any hour at reasonable rates.

Address,

W. E. NOE, Columbia, Ky.

G. R. REED

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE

"The Service Agency.

Columbia, Kentucky.

Real Estate Bought and Sold

FARMING LANDS

If you want to sell your farm to the best advantage, see our contract and list with us at once. If you want a farm or other real estate, let us figure with you and for you. Oil Land Leases bought and sold. Abstracts furnished.

C. G. Jeffries Realty Co., Columbia, Ky.

Louisville--Old Inn Hotel

Incorporated

EUROPEAN PLAN

\$1.00 and Up Rooms Without Bath.

\$1.50 and Up Rooms With

300 ROOMS

Equipped throughout with Automatic Sprinklers the best Fire Protection known to Insurance Engineers.

Louisville, Kentucky.

6th & Main Streets.

EVERYTHING IN

ROOFING

Asphalt, Gravel, Rubber, Galvanized and Painted.

Also Ellwood and American Fence.

Steel Fence Posts

DEHLER BROS. CO.

Incorporated

116 East Market Street Between First and Brook

Louisville, Ky.

He Was "Broken"

Capt. Wallace,

U. S. A., was a victim of sinister forces that sought to betray America to the enemy. But he "came back." On the battlefields of France he fought for the honor of the army that had discarded him. He lived to win vindication and the hand of the "daughter of the regiment" who had never doubted him.

Bride of Battle

Victor Rousseau's romance of the American army in France, which we will print in serial form, is a gripping story in which intrigue, love and war all play a part. It is the first up-to-the-minute novel of America at war.

It's Coming Soon Watch For It

WHOLESALE

Doors

Windows

Mouldings

Porch Columns

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General Building Material

Will Send Catalog on Request.

Fred G. Jones & Co.

INCORPORATED

Brook & A. Streets

LOUISVILLE, KY.

For Sale.

Ohio River Salt, 7 bushel barrels, \$4.85 per barrel.

37-tf. Young & Hutchison.

Columbia Barber Shop

LOY & LOWE

A Sanitary Shop, where both Satisfaction and Gratification are Guaranteed.

Give us a Trial and be Convinced.

SKETCHES OF ADAIR COUNTY.

Historical and Biographical that will be of interest to all Readers of the News.

BY JUDGE H. C. BAKER.

No. 37.

Reminiscences of Col. Wolford.

He was advanced in years, and infirm with wounds received in battle, when he made his first race for Congress, yet he entered it with all the vigor of a young man—making it hard for his adversaries and interesting to his friends.

I remember on one occasion he spoke at a point in Hart county, some fifty miles from Columbia, on Saturday evening in a joint debate which occupied him until late in the afternoon. He had an appointment for Liberty the Monday following. Sunday morning found him at home and at church, at morning service, having traveled in the meantime a half hundred miles on horseback and most of the way during the night. Yet, with all this he was fresh enough to attend church. The night found him twenty miles on his road to Liberty.

He told me he had learned to sleep in the saddle while in the army and he was not particularly fatigued by the long night's ride.

His speech the next day at his old home town was worthy of his reputation. He was surrounded by his old soldiers and friends, and despite his long rides, he seemed at his best. In the course of the discussion his competitor, in a taunting way, referred to his wounds, and intimated that he was attempting to make political capital from them. It was the first and only time I ever saw the old man exhibit any heat of temper in a speech. He repelled and resented the insinuation that he had ever in any way referred to his wounds, or sought thereby to influence any one to vote for him—and, he did it with such vigorous language that I was satisfied the insinuation would not be repeated.

His speech from beginning to finish was a spell-binder, which carried the crowd with him—cheer after cheer filled the old court-house—hats went to the ceiling, and it seemed at times as if the imprisoned shouts would tear the shingles from the roof.

Wolford was kind-hearted and charitable. He harbored no personal resentments. When the war closed, the Southern soldier found in him a true friend.

Here in Kentucky as a member of the General Assembly he advocated full amnesty, and a restoration to him of every right under the laws. He advocated the same course by the United States Government in its treatment of the Confederates from Jefferson Davis down. No one who heard his eulogy of Davis and his service in the battles of Mexico can never forget it.

His liberal and magnanimous sentiments made him deservedly popular with the ex-Confederates—and, in his first race for

Congress they manifested their good will by presenting him with a fine saddle horse on which he made the canvass.

The occasion of its formal presentation was a political picnic at this place given by his friends which was attended by several thousand persons.

He was always an ardent advocate of temperance—and in this regard he practiced what he preached. He never used intoxicating liquors or tobacco, and, I suppose, was never known to use a profane or obscene word in his speeches, I never in public or private, heard him tell an anecdote which bordered on the vulgar.

A reasonable limit to this article will not permit me to enter upon his career as a lawyer. His practice was largely in the defense of criminals. Civil business was not in his line. Pleading in the legal sense was not his forte. He knew but little about the written alterations of the courts and technical niceties of the law, and he cared less, provided he could manage to get his case to the jury. There he could play upon a harp of a thousand strings. As a consequence he was in demand in all important criminal cases in the courts which he attended.

He was never a student of books, but he was a student of men. His reading was limited, and his early educational advantages were meager. Had his mind been trained and disciplined and polished with a higher education in his youth he could have grown to the proportions of what we call a great man.

He had a very clear and just conception of the object and true limitations of government and the rights of man. He loved his country and he loved liberty—and, however he might trifle on indifferent matters, he was uncompromising upon principles of government and morals. Neither flattery nor the allurements of office, nor the hope of gain or honor could cause him to swerve to the right or left when these were involved. He had the courage of his convictions—physical courage and moral courage. Tolerant of the views of others, he was fearless in the advocacy of his own, and he never consulted the weather gage of public opinion in order to decide as to his own course.

He lived and died poor in this world's good.

His remains rest in the cemetery at Columbia, and strange to say, nothing but a stone marks his grave.

Is it not a reflection on the generosity and manhood of Kentuckians when this is said?"

To be continued next week.

City Work at Country Picces.

The Adair County New is equipped for the highest grades of Job printing, Book work, and Advertising specialties. We have on hand a very large stock of every kind and grade of paper and supplies. All Jobs promptly done and work guaranteed. On account of our location in the country our prices are very reasonable. We appreciate our large mail order business. We solicit work under competitive bids or otherwise. When work is unsatisfactory, return at our expense. The best and largest equipped country plant in Kentucky.

Buy War Saving Stamps

Buy Liberty Bonds

Plant a Full Crop of Wheat

We are Still Offering Goods at MUCH BELOW Present Market Prices.

Farm Machinery and Farm Implements at From 10 per cent to 20 per cent Under Present Values

SUPERIOR Wheat Drills, in Eight and Six Disc Sizes.

SULKY PLOWS—Full Stock on Hands. We Can Furnish Tractor Engines, Tractor Plows and Harrows on Short Notice.

BUY YOUR LIBERTY BONDS FROM THE GOVERNMENT.

We will Save You a W. S. S. on Every Sulky Plow You Buy From Us.

We will Save You a W. S. S. on Every Wheat Drill You Buy From Us.

We are Making a Bi Drive in Dry Goods, Clothing and Shoes.

Ginghams at 30c, worth 37c.

Gingham at 28c, worth 35c.

White Counterpanes at 2-3 values.

Bed Blankets worth \$7.00 for \$4.50.

Calicoes at 21c, worth 25c.

We Have All Wool Clothing and All Wool Dress Goods

At Very Low Prices. Every Thing in SHOES

We Carry the Largest Stock of Goods in This Greer River Country.

We Want to More Than Double Our Sales This Fall.

Help Us to Run Our Tax Bill Up---Help Us Support the Government.

Help Us Brace Our Boys in France, Yours and Mine.

Buy as Cheap as You Can--Save All the Money You Can.

Buy War Saving Stamps, Buy Liberty Bonds, Sow Wheat.

WOODSON LEWIS, - - Greensburg, Ky.

Glensfork.

to be out again.

The Cooperation meeting of the Christian Churches convened at this place last Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

John Jones and Ethridge Bennett of this place were in Columbia last week.

A large crowd was present and some fine talks were made. The ministers present were, Eld. Z. T. Williams,

Finnis Rosenbaum and family of Columbia, attended cooperation meeting at this place last Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. H. B. Quinn, Rev. Loyd, Eld. Tobias Huffaker and Rev. Luther Young.

James Shirley and wife of Milltown, were visiting here the latter part of last week.

Dola Blair of Louisville is visiting at this place.

Dr. J. Bolin has purchased him a new car.

Lucy Kelsay who accompanied her sister and family, Mrs. Henry Hudson to Lynch, several weeks ago has returned home.

Eddie Lee Grider who has been working on Dove Branch was at home last Saturday and Sunday.

Born to the wife, of Joe Wells Sept. 20th., a boy, mother and baby getting along nicely.

Mrs. Hulda Ross and son, Ruel were visiting relatives near here last week.

I. F. Andrew and brother, Granville, of Cumberland river, were visiting their sister, Mrs. Ella Webb, last week.

Henry Wooldridge and wife of Columbia, were visiting Rollin Webb last Saturday and Sunday.

Ed Webb who has been on the sick list for several weeks is able

Mrs. Maud Capshaw and little daughter, are visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. James Marshall,

of this place.

The Louisville Trust Co.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits Over One Million Dollars.

Acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Agent, Committee and Trustee, and can sue as such in any County in the State.

Pays 3 per cent. per Annum on Time Deposits.

JOHN STITES, President. ANGELA GRAY, Treas. A. G. STITH, Sec.

Camp Green, N. C.

Dear Editor:

We are having some nice weather here now. We are drilling every day getting ready to go after the Kaiser. We will be

ready in a short time to go across the pond. We take a hike every evening and come in squalling and singing. We are having

some time, uncle Sam feeds his boys good. The Adair county boys are looking like soldiers now.

We like Camp Green fine, this is a nice camp.

Thomas Grant.

WELL DRILLER

I will drill wells in Adair and adjoining counties. See me before contracting. Latest improved machinery of all kinds.

Pump Repairing Done. Give me a Call.

J. C. YATES

Roy.

Mr. Lilburn Breeding, who returned from camp several days ago, has been very sick.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Waggener are visiting the latter's mother, at this place, Mrs. E. Epperson.

Sowing wheat is the order of the day in this. There will be a larger acreage sown than usual in order to help feed the Allies.

Your scribe has been visiting friends and relatives in Indiana for the past two weeks, at Terre Haute and Cartersburg.

Mr. G. R. Redmon, our well-known merchant, has sold out his stock of goods at this place, to Mr. Ed Sinclair & Co., of Columbia. We welcome them in our midst.

Mr. G. R. Redmon sold Mr. M. G. Scholl, of Ozark, one farm near Freedom schoolhouse.

There was a singing at White Oak last Saturday night.

Mr. Henry Bryant has been very sick at the home of his son, Mr. Luther Bryant.

Mr. Hiram Wilson is home on a visit again.

A letter from Mr. and Mrs. Johnnie Bryant, who went to Colorado some time ago, states she is getting along nicely.

Somewhere in France.

Dear mother:-

I will drop you a few lines to let you know I am well and just doing fine, hope you are all well.

This sure is a pretty country. I landed at —— France and only stayed there a few days, then came to —— France. I sure have seen something since I have been in the army. I wouldn't take anything for my trip and I think from what I hear the war will soon be over, then I can come home and tell you something. I don't want you to worry about me, for I will get by if the rest does. I don't think I'm in much danger anyway. So write me all the news and tell grandpa's folks where I am and tell them to write to me. My address is Co. C, 153 Inf., American Expeditionary Forces, A. P. O., 741.

Be sure and spell out the whole word American. I wrote you when I was at —— France. Did you get the letter? I think it was the 23rd. Well, I can't think of anything to write more than to tell you, that these people are awful kind to us, and treat us awful nice. There are lots of pretty French girls here. I guess I will have to bring one home with me. Well, I will close hoping to hear from you at once. Your son,

Pvt. D. E. Bell, Co. C, 153 Inf. American Expeditionary Forces, A. P. O. 741.

Somewhere in France.

August 29, 1918.

Mrs. Alice Keltner,
Campbellsville, Ky.
Dear sister:

I will answer your letter I received several weeks ago. Was glad to here from you all. I have just come out of the front line trenches for a few days rest. I had a letter from Mother today she said you and Ben was there when she was writing to me. Are you all going to stay in Taylor Co. next year? Well Alice as I don't know very much that I can write I will close for this time, hoping to here from you all again soon. Good bye.

Jim Wade.

Co. A. 6th W. S. Inf.
A. P. O. 745 A. E. F.

Don't Wait To Be Drafted!

VOLUNTEER AS PATRIOTS FOR GOVERNMENT WORK!

Carpenters 60c, Laborers 35c per hour.

LODGING FREE

The Government at Washington has called upon the citizens of KENTUCKY at once to furnish the men to build---or lose from the State entirely---the wonderful Camp Henry Knox, at Stithton, designed to be the greatest Artillery Training Camp in the United States.

The credit and good name of the Commonwealth of KENTUCKY must be upheld. And the State MUST NOT lose this great plant, calling for an investment on the part of the United States Government of from \$15,000,000 to \$20,000,000.

Up to this time the work has lagged for want of men. It is now up the men of Kentucky to volunteer, or be forced to do so later on. There is no middle course.

TEN THOUSAND WORKMEN MUST COME FORWARD.

CARPENTERS AND LABORERS.

Wages are high and are fixed by the Government, Carpenters 60 cents an hour. Laborers 35 cents an hour. Carpenters and laborers work ten hours each day, receiving pay for eleven hours. Saturday afternoon and Sunday work (not compulsory) double pay for carpenters; time and a half for laborers.

Free sleeping quarters provided with new cots and blankets. Meals 30 cents each. Transportation free to laborers and charges are advanced to carpenters from any point in the State.

SANITARY CONDITIONS ARE OF THE BEST.

Camp Knox was selected for a permanent site because it is located on the highest point of land on the Illinois Central between Louisville and New Orleans. Camp Knox has one of the best health records in the country.

PATRIOTIC WOMEN OF KENTUCKY.

See to it that every able-bodied man in the State, not engaged in other War Industries, volunteers his services at high pay, to help get this great permanent Kentucky camp ready for the brave boys of this Commonwealth and other States, now billeted in tents at Camp Taylor and West Point, so they will not have to suffer the privations of General Washington and the Continental Army at Valley Forge.

If it is not your own son who must be housed at Camp Knox this winter, it is the boy of some other mother—all of them training to protect our Liberty in the great fight for freedom.

Provided men do not volunteer for this well-paid and necessary patriotic work, it is the duty of every loyal Kentucky woman to report them to the nearest United States Employment Service, just as they would a Hun Spy or an Army Slacker,

Show them their Duty!

Make them Volunteer!

Take their Places!

CAMP KNOX MUST BE READY DECEMBER 1st.

Before cold weather sets in, barracks at Camp Knox to shelter not less than 30,000 Army Boys, and the stables for at least 15,000 animals Must Be Completed. This is imperative.

Full-blooded Kentucky co-operation can complete quarters for not less than 50,000 soldiers and 30,000 animals in that time, if all work together. It is a man-sized job, all right, even for Kentuckians, but it can be done, as Kentuckians never fail in what they undertake.

The fair name of the old Commonwealth—the Fourteenth State to be admitted in the Union—is at stake in the National Capital and before the Country at large.

EMPLOYERS---NOTICE---IMPORTANT.

If your work is non-essential, give up some of your men at once and advise them to go to Camp Knox. If the call for Volunteers is not heeded you may be required to shut down completely. We do not wish to do this by compulsion.

This is no time for shilly-shallying. We must have ACTION. The work is Vital. It is Imperative.

Be a Volunteer and Go at Once!

MEN, MEN AND MORE MEN TO SAVE KENTUCKY!

This is an EMERGENCY necessitating drastic action if the call for volunteers is not heeded.

When the order came from Washington telling what Kentucky had to do to save Camp Knox for the State, Federal Director Pratt Dale, of the United States Employment Service for Kentucky, immediately held a War Council of affiliated interests, composed of Mayor W. H. Radcliffe, Constructing Quartermaster at Stithton; John Griffiths & Son Company, builders of Camp Knox for the Government, and O. L. Taylor, District Organizer of Kentucky, United States Public Service Reserve; Edward W. Hines, State Chairman, State Council of Defence. Determined action was decided on. All Government agencies will be invoked to secure the necessary men.

Let the word go out broadcast of Kentucky's need of men in this greatest of humanitarian war works—housing our soldiers.

Let it go out at once.

Preach it from the Pulpit.

Shout it from the housetops.

Organize the Workers at once—and report them to your nearest United States Employment Service or to your County Chairman, United States Public Service Reserve.

IT CAN BE DONE WITH YOUR HELP.

Georgia furnished 5,000 men to save its picric acid plant—raised them in two weeks. Kentucky can do even better.

Major Radcliffe says: "Every nail you drive, every brick you lay, every bit of real work done, will add to the growing load around the Kaiser's neck. The war won't wait!"

Men and Women of Kentucky—Do your duty for your Country and your Commonwealth and help us to Protect YOUR Boys.

Communicate at once with any of the following

SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE OFFICES

At Any of the Following Places:

Louisville, 525 W. Market St.;

Lexington, 129 Market St.; Covington;

Paducah; Bowling Green;

Middlesborough; Ashland; or to

Your Own County Chairman of the U. S. Public Service Reserve.

(Signed)

PRATT DALE, Federal Director, U. S. Employment Service.

FRANK L. McVEY, State Director, U. S. Public Service Reserve.

E. W. HINES, Chairman Kentucky Council of Defence.